The Presby Wastewater Treatment System

Advanced Enviro-Septic® Application Package

For a Permit to Construct

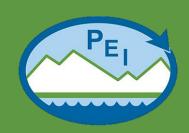
750 GPD or Less

Wyoming



AES System	
Application Package	
Introduction	2
Small Wastewater Treatment Facility	3
Application for Permit to Construct	5
Site Suitability	5
Site Plan Drawing	6
Percolation Test Instructions	7
Percolation Test Data Sheet	8
Septic Tank and Piping Worksheet	9
Leachfield Sizing Worksheet	10
Leachfield Design Instructions	11
AES System Bed Layout Worksheet	12
System Diagrams	13

✓ Minimizes the Expense
 ✓ Protects the Environment
 ✓ Preserves the Site



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Introduction

Introduction

The following package is designed to assist you in submitting a completed application for a properly designed small wastewater treatment and disposal system using Presby Environmental's (PEI) Advanced Enviro-Septic^{*} (AES) system. It is designed **only** for a system utilizing a state approved septic tank and gravity feed treatment field. The daily wastewater flow must be 750 gallons per day (GPD) or less. It has been prepared under the direction of Mitch Hardert, P.E, a registered professional engineer. A signed and sealed copy is maintained on file at the Lander offices of the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ).

Using the information in this design package and accurately completing the necessary forms for the site-specific system design will ensure that the design will comply with the minimum requirements of the Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 25 (Chapter 25). Only those pages which are applicable to your system need to be submitted.

This package is for a standard in-ground gravity bed type disposal system, using AES for daily design flows of 750 gallons per day or less (see separate high flow application for systems over 750 gpd). If the seasonal high groundwater, bedrock, or impervious clay layer is within three feet of the bottom of the proposed treatment field, then a mounded or partially mounded system may be required. Since these types of systems are more difficult to design and construct, **this package does NOT provide guidance in their design. Please contact your district engineer if you propose to use a non-conventional system.**

For systems exceeding 2,000 gallons per day or for wastewater that is not entirely domestic waste, contact the Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program at 307-777-5623 or refer to: <u>http://deq.wyoming.gov/wqd/underground-injection-control/</u>.

Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality Water Quality Division Permit number **20-160**

Date of Issue: 8-20-20

Small Wastewater Treatment Facility Application for Permit to Construct									
Use this application ONLY for small wastewater treatment facilities treating 750 gallons per day or less. Not to be used for mound, evaporation ponds, or other non-conventional systems. For non-conventional system, contact the district engineer. For systems exceeding 2,000 gallons per day, contact the Underground Injection Control Program (UIC) at 307-777-7781 or refer to: http://deg.wyoming.gov/wqd/underground-injection-control/									
	onverse (commercial			d WQD	Date Stamp				
Platte DEQ/ 200 W Cheye	e counties, submit con Water Quality Division V 17 th Street enne, WY 82002 777-7781	npleted package							
For Ca	ampbell (commercial	systems only). C	rook. and Weston	WOD	Authorization Stamp				
count DEQ/ 152 N Caspe	ties, submit complete Water Quality Division Iorth Durbin Street, Su er, WY 82601 473-3465	d packages to:							
Autho http:/	Il other counties: cont ority for the correct fo /deq.wyoming.gov/wqu water-permitting-aut	rms. d/permitting-2/re		g					
Name	e of Project:								
Proje	ct Description:								
	County:								
Location:	¼¼ Section:		Section:		Township:	Range	:		
ocat	Decimal Latitude:			Decin	Decimal Longitude:				
	Subdivision Name:				Lot and Block:				
	Real E	state Owner			Engineer/Geologist				
Printe	ed Name:			Printed	Printed Name:				
Title:				Title:					
Mailir	ng Address:			Mailing	Address:				
City, S	City, State: Zip:				City, State: Zip:				
Phone Number:				0103) 010					
Phone			210.	Phone N					
Phone Email	e Number:		2ip.	-					
	e Number:			Phone N	lumber:	WY P.G.#			
Email	e Number: : Name [,]			Phone N Email:	lumber:	WY P.G.#			
Email	e Number: : Name [,]			Phone N Email:	lumber:	WY P.G.#			
	e Number: : Name [,]			Phone N Email:	lumber:	WY P.G.#			

	County:								
	Physical Address:								
	Lot Size:	feet byfeet ORacres							
Ę	Type of Building:	(single family dwelling, mobile home, c	ommercial, etc.)						
matio		Cistern							
Property Information	Water Source:	Private Well	SEO Well Permit Number:						
perty	(Check One)	Community Well	Name:						
Pro		Municipal Well	Name:						
	Is this a replacement If yes, what are you r	small wastewater treatment facility eplacing?	Y? Yes No Type replaced:						
		water treatment facility be located ource water protection area?	Yes No						
	systems? If yes, do <u>N</u>	roved plat require enhanced septic <u>OT</u> proceed with this application. engineer to discuss other options.	Yes No						
Provid	de legal description of	property (from sales contract or d	eed) below and attach a copy of the county approved plat.						
As nar	rt of this application the		of perjury that the applicant has secured and shall maintain permission						
for DE permi neces	Q personnel and their i ission to collect resour sary to access the site	nvitees to access the permitted site, ce data as defined by Wyoming Sta	including (i) permission to access the land where the site is located, (ii) tute § 6-3-414, and (iii) permission to enter and cross all properties ed from a public road. A map of the access route(s) to the site shall						
		Sig	natures						
Depa acces and (i a pub	All undersigned certify under penalty of perjury that the owner or applicant has secured and shall maintain permission for Department of Environmental Quality personnel and their invitees to access the permitted site, including (i) permission to access the land where the site is located, (ii) permission to collect resource data as defined by Wyoming Statute § 6-3-414, and (iii) permission to enter and cross all properties necessary to access the site if the site cannot be directly accessed from a public road. All undersigned agree to comply with all applicable Wyoming Statutes and Regulations and to allow the activities described in this application.								
		state Owner ure Required)	Engineer/Geologist						
Signa			Signature:						
1 2 2									
Printe	ed Name:		Printed Name:						

Site Suitability

The owner must be aware of the depth of any impermeable soil layers, high groundwater levels, and slope when considering the septic system location. The septic system must meet the criteria listed in the Introduction (Page 2) for a conventional system to work properly. **If your site does not meet these criteria, stop filling out this form and contact your district engineer to discuss other options.** The questions below will ensure you have gathered the information necessary to determine if a conventional septic system is appropriate.

REQUIRED

Cut/dig a soil and groundwater exploration pit near or within the area of the proposed leachfield until you reach water, solid rock or 10 feet (whichever comes first). Then answer the following questions:

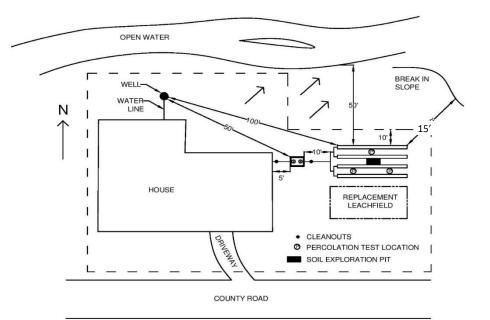
	Was the bottom of the required so proposed leachfield, usually a mini	Yes No		
Excavation		cavation, showing a tape measure a photograph as a separate sheet. P	•	Yes No
Excav	Who conducted the excavation?			
	Date of excavation:		Depth of the excavation:	
Impermeable Layers	Did the excavator observe a rock la If yes, at what depth below the gro	-		Yes No
Imper La	Did the excavator observe a clay la If yes, at what depth below the gro		Yes No	
ater	Was groundwater present in the e If yes, at what depth below the gro	Yes No		
High Groundwater	Does the soil have an alkali crust a or greenish-gray (gley) color that r If yes, at what depth below the gro	Yes No		
High G	Does the soil have a mottled appe like rust, or is the soil stained a dar periods of saturation? If yes, at what depth below the gro	Yes No		
е	What is the estimated % slope of t proposed leachfield area in your p	% slope		
Slope	Is there a break in slope (the side of within 15-20 feet of the leachfield	Yes No		

Site Plan Drawing

Attach a sketch of your site as a separate sheet, showing each of the items in the table below if applicable.

Check Box if Shown on Site Plan	Element	Required Setback Distance (feet) to Septic Tank	Required Setback Distance (feet) to Leachfield	ls the Setback Distance Satisfied?
	Property lines	10	10	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
	All buildings, roads, and driveways		_	
	Setback to buildings w/out a foundation drain	5	10	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
	Setback to buildings with a foundation drain	5	25	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	Private wells (including neighbors)	50	100	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	Public water supply wells	100	200	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	Potable water supply lines	25	25	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	Surface water (ditch, pond, Intermittent waterways, etc.)	50	50	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	Septic tank	—	10	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
	Break in slope (where slope gets abruptly steeper)	15	15	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
	Cisterns	25	25	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
	Leachfield & Replacement Leachfield	10	—	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
	North arrow		_	
	Slope (arrow pointing downslope)		_	
	Location of percolation test holes (numbered)		_	
	Location of soil exploration pit		_	
	Location of flow dividers, d-boxes and cleanout ports		—	

Example site plan:



Percolation Test Instructions

In order for a septic system to perform properly, the wastewater must move through the soil at an ideal rate, neither too fast nor too slow. A percolation test estimates the rate at which the water will percolate, or move, through the soil. The information provided by percolation tests is necessary to design a leachfield correctly. Follow the steps below to complete a percolation test.

Location of Percolation Test Holes. The percolation (perc) test holes must be spaced uniformly over the proposed leachfield site. A minimum of three (3) test holes are required, although you can use more if desired.

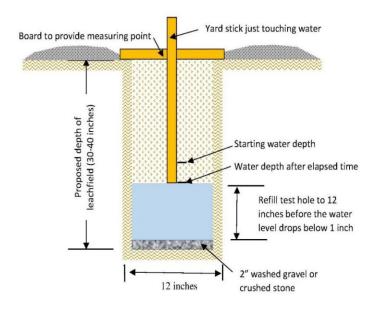
2. Test Hole Preparation. Dig or bore each hole 12 inches wide and as deep as the proposed depth of the leachfield (usually between 30 and 40 inches). Make sure the sides are vertical and scrape the sides and bottom of the hole with a sharp pointed instrument to restore a natural soil surface. Remove loose soil from the hole and place 2 inches of course sand, washed gravel, or crushed stone in the bottom in order to prevent scouring or sealing.

3. Presoaking. Presoaking is *absolutely* required to get valid percolation test results. Presoaking allows the water conditions in the test hole to reach a stable condition that is similar to a leachfield. Presoaking time varies with soil conditions, but presoak holes for at least 4 hours. Maintain at least 18 inches of water in the test holes for at least 4 hours, then allow the soil to swell for 12 hours (overnight is good) before starting the perc test.

For sandy or loose soils, add 18 inches of water above the gravel or coarse sand. If the 18 inches of water seeps away in 18 minutes or less, add 18 inches of water a second time. If the second filling of 18 inches of water seeps away in 18 minutes or less, the soil is excessively permeable and the site is unsuitable for a conventional disposal system. If this is the case, contact your county small wastewater permitting authority or DEQ district office. **4. Perc Rate Measurements.** Fill each hole with 12 inches of water and let the soil re-hydrate for 15 minutes prior to taking any measurements. Establish a fixed reference point such as a flat board placed across the top of the hole to measure the incremental water level drop at the constant time intervals. Measure the water level drop to the nearest 1/8 of an inch with a minimum time interval of 10 minutes. Common time intervals are 10 or 15 minutes.

Refill the test hole to 12 inches above the gravel before starting the measurements. Measure down to the water from the fixed reference point. Record this value on the first line in the perc test data sheet on Page 8. Take another measurement after the time interval has elapsed and record on the second line of the table. Calculate the water level drop and record in the table.

Continue the test until the water level drop rate has stabilized, i.e. three consecutive measurements within 1/8 inch of each other. Before the water level drops below 1 inch above the gravel, refill the test hole to 12 inches. Some test holes may take longer to stabilize than others. If the drop rate continues to fluctuate, use the smallest drop rate out of the last six intervals for your calculations.



Percolation Test Data Sheet

Owner/Project Name:										Date:			
Test hole	es were p	ore-soake	ed for:	(hours/minutes)			Time Interval: min				min		
								s present in holes. Holes must be 12 inches in diameter of holes and place 2 inches of gravel in each hole.					
			e #1 uired)		e #2 uired)		Hole #3 (Required)		Hole #4 (Optional)		e #5 ional)	-	e #6 ional)
Depth	of Hole:												
Time	Elapsed Time		ure to 1/8 inch		ure to 1/8 inch		ure to 1/8 inch		ure to 1/8 inch		ure to 1/8 inch	Measure to nearest 1/8 inch	
of Day	(Min)	Water Level	Drop	Water Level	Drop	Water Level	Drop	Water Level	Drop	Water Level	Drop	Water Level	Drop
			_		_		_		-		_		_
-	nterval utes)												
-	nterval (inches)												
	Rate /inch)												
Des	ign Perc R	ate (min/	'inch)										

To calculate drop: Subtract the water level measurement at the start of your time interval from the water level measurement at the end. The "Drop" is how far the water level went down during the stated time interval. Time intervals must be consistent for each hole throughout the test.

Leachfield percolation (Perc) rate: If 3 to 5 holes were tested, use the slowest (highest number) rate of the holes tested. If six or more holes were tested, use the average rate.

Helpful Conversions: 1/8 = 0.125 1/4 = 0.25 3/8 = 0.375 1/2 = 0.50 5/8 = 0.625 3/4 = 0.75 7/8 = 0.875

To calculate perc rate (minutes per inch): Time Interval (min) ÷ Final Interval Drop (in)

Example Perc Rate = Time Interval (min)/Final Interval Drop (in) = 10min/1.125in = 8.9min/in

I certify that this perc test was done in accordance with WQRR Chapter 25, Appendix A and the instructions on the previous page.

Test Performed by: _____ Signature: _____ Signature: _____

Septic Tank and Piping Worksheet

				-			
	Minimum Tank Ca • Up to 4 bedroor • 5 Bedrooms: 1,2	Tank Size to be Used: (gallons)					
	Manufacturer & Model Number:						
	Tank Material:	🗆 Concrete 🛛 I	Fiberglass 🛛 Thermoplastic	🗆 Otł	ner (please describe):		
Tank	Is this septic tank you cannot locate Tanks Not on the I	□ Yes □ Don't	□ No Know				
Septic Tank			opening in <u>EACH</u> compartment nax of six (6) inches below the g			Yes	No No
	Do access opening	s have a locking de	evice?			□ _{Yes}	🗌 No
	Is septic tank insta other obstructions	☐ Yes	🗌 No				
	If installing two ta first to insure prop	Yes	🗌 No				
	Depth of backfill to	o be placed over ta	ank (minimum of 6" required):			Yes	🗌 No
	Piping material to the building and s	be used between Septic tank:			Proposed pipe size (diameter):		
	Will the installer la	🗌 Yes	🗌 No				
Fank	- If no, will than 22.5	🗌 Yes	🗌 No				
ng to 1	Will the pipe from	🗌 Yes	🗌 No				
Buildi	- If yes, wil	Yes	🗌 No				
Piping from Building to Tank	DEQ recommends direction does you	🗆 Towar	d Building d Tank Directions				
Pipiı	Will the piping hav	ve a minimum slope	e of ¼ inch per foot (2%)?			Yes	🗌 No
	If the installer use equalize flow. Wh	 Single Flow E Tee(s) D-box 					

Leachfield Sizing Worksheet

	Select Building Type				# Bedrooms	Box A	Enter the number of gallons per day (gpd) of Box A wastewater generated that corresponds with the			
d)			В		Unfinished Basement?	□Yes □No	total number 1 bedro 2 bedro	01) in Box 1 below.	
Design Flow (gpd)					If yes, enter 2. If no, enter 0.		3 bedro 4 bedro 5 bedro	oms 390 gpd oms 470 gpd		
Design	Select				Total # Bedrooms = Box A + Box B	Box B	6 bedro		dditional bedroom.	
			Non-Resid	nential killinning	Refer to Chapter 25, Show calculations (a			-	ilow.	
		-	w (gpd): from cells	above or Chapte	r 25, Table 2.				Box 1	
	e 8)	Perc. Rate min/inch		Loading Rate gpd/ft ²	Perc. Rate min/inch	Lo	bading Rate gpd/ft ²	Perc. Rate min/inch	Loading Rate gpd/ft ²	
	Perc Rate Obtained from Perc Test Data (page 8)	0 5		1.60	O 16		1.00	O 30-31	0.78	
		0 6		1.50	O 17		0.98	O 32-33	0.76	
2)		07		1.42	O 18		0.96	O 34-35	0.74	
		08		1.36	O 19		0.94	O 36-37	0.72	
pd/ft	from	C) g	1.30	O 20		0.92	O 38-40	0.70	
ate (g	ined 1	0 10		1.24	O 21		0.90	O 41-43	0.68	
Loading Rate (gpd/ft²)	Obta	Opta 0		1.20	0 22		0.88	0 44-46	0.66	
Loadi	Rate	12 12 1		1.16	0 23-24		0.86	O 47-50	0.64	
	Perc			1.12	O 25		0.84	O 51-55	0.62	
	Check	\subset) 14	1.08	O 26 - 27		0.82	O 56-60	0.60	
	C	C) ₁₅	1.04	O 28 - 29		0.80			
	Loading Rate (gpd/ft²): Enter loading rate for your percolation rate from above table.								Box 2	
d 2)	Pogu	uirad I	aachfiald	1 Araa (f+2)		÷		=		
Leachfield Sizing (ft²)	Divid loadii	e desig ng rate	n flow (Bo (Box 2).	I Area (ft ²) ox 1) by the est whole numbe	Design Flow (Box		Loading Rate (1		Area (ft ²) (Box 3) 452 ft^2	
_ ,	Noull	ם <u>עף</u> ונ	, the healt		Example: 280 gpd ÷ 0.62 gpd/ft ² = 451.61 or 452 ft ² Box 3					

Leachfield Design Instructions

Arrange the AES system leachfield using a bed configuration. Use bed configurations where space for a leachfield is limited and only where soils have percolation rates of 60 minutes per inch (mpi) or faster. DEQ considers trenches spaced less than three (3) feet apart as bed layouts.

To design your leachfield, follow these steps:

1) Fill out the layout worksheet and diagram. This worksheet will determine how many rows of AES pipe you need and how large to make your bed.

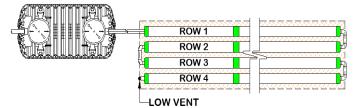
2) Submit **only** the worksheet and diagram that you completed.

If you feel it would be beneficial to learn more about the AES system prior to completing this package, please download a copy of our Wyoming Design and Installation Manual from our website at www.presbyeco.com. PEI provides free technical assistance to its customer. If at any point when designing an AES system you have questions or need additional assistance, please contact our Technical Advisers at (800) 473-5298.

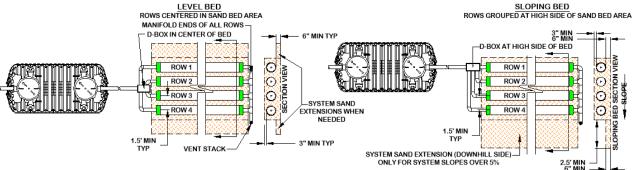
Use either basic serial or distribution box (D-box) distribution to distribute wastewater effluent to the leachfield. Basic serial distribution uses Schedule 40 PVC piping from the septic tank to the first row of the AES system. A less permeable biomat develops along the bottom of the AES pipe, where saturated conditions displace oxygen. This biomat development is assisted by the Bio-Accelerator fabric and promotes distribution of the effluent along the length of the AES pipe and field. Distribution from row to row is facilitated through raised connections as needed depending on the actual flows to the system. Basic serial distribution creates a single vent path, which provides air/oxygen to every row of AES pipe.

Example of Basic Serial Distribution:

D-box distribution (also referred to as parallel distribution) may also be used to distribute effluent by splitting the flows from the septic tank to every row of AES pipe. The discharge line from the septic tank connects to a d-box fitted with flow equalizers on each outlet that feeds into a distribution line. Distribution boxes are typically made of concrete or wastewater-grade plastics and are watertight with a single inlet set at a higher elevation than the outlets.



Example of D-box Distribution:



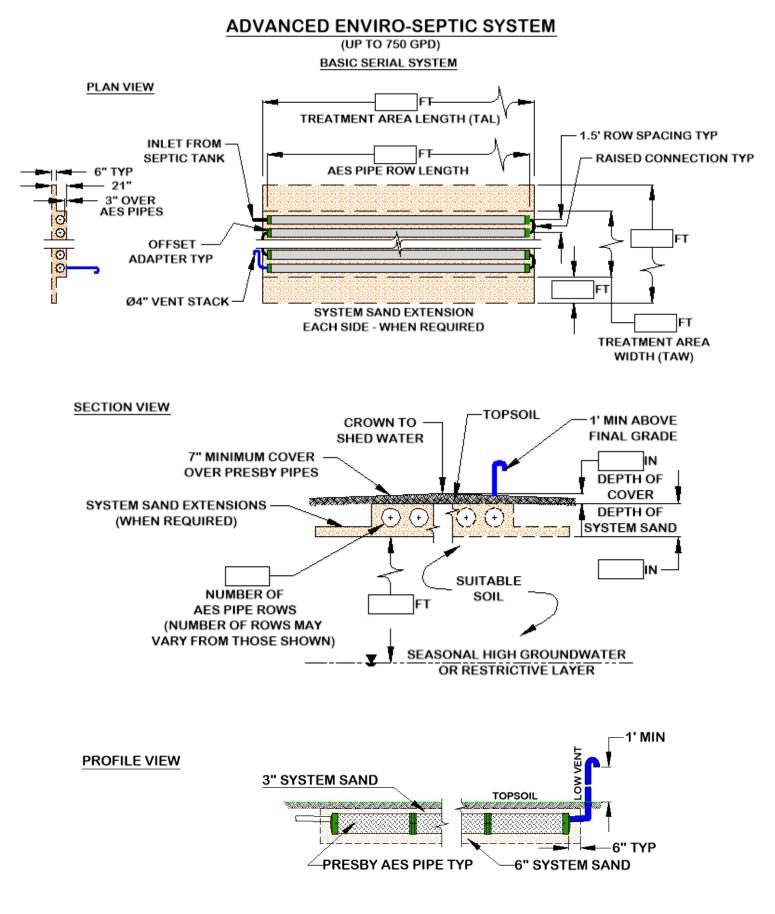
PEI and DEQ do not require installation of pipe rows in a straight line. In fact, it is always preferable to follow the contour of the land. Never install the leachfield in floodways, at the base of slopes, or in depressions where runoff water could flood the leachfield. Construct leachfields in areas with good surface drainage, where the water cannot pond over the leachfield.

AES System Bed Layout Worksheet

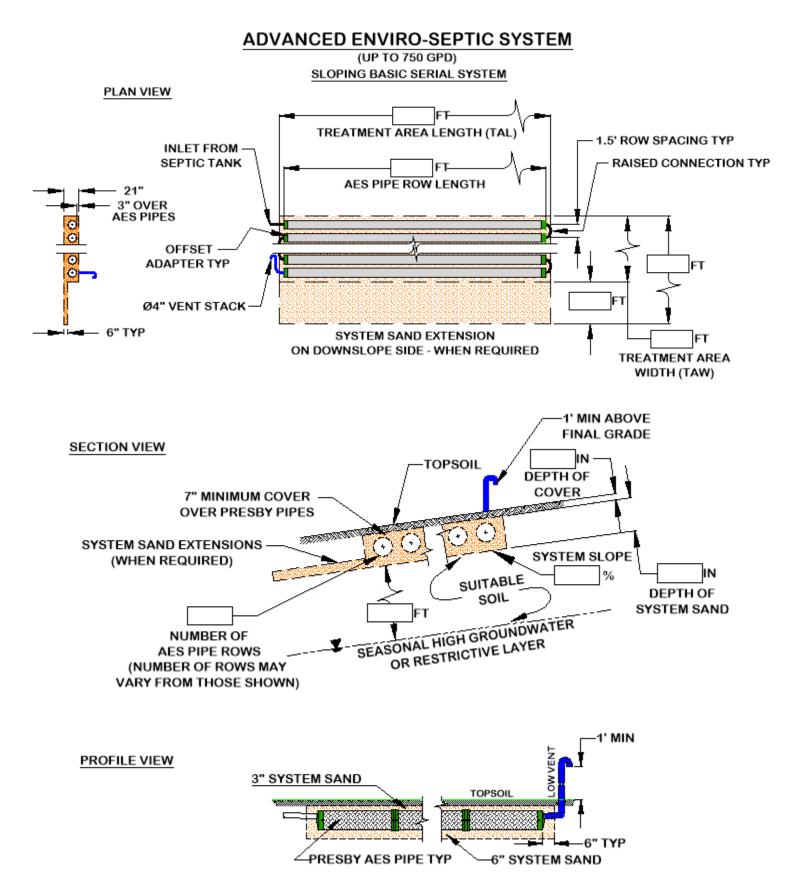
	Required Leachfield Area (Page	10, Box 3):				Box 1		
	Proposed Total Excavated Dept	h (ft):		Proposed Bed Width	(ft):	Box 2		
ign	Proposed Depth Below Pipe (ft)	:		Proposed Bed Length	(ft):	Box 3		
Design	Total Bed Area (ft²)		Bed Width (Box 2)	Bed Length (Box 3)	= Total Bec	d Area Box 4		
	Is Box 4 ≥ Box 1? • If No, adjust Bed W • If Yes, complete th) and Bed Length (Box 3) ι f this page.	until Box 4 is greater th	an Box 1			
	AES Pipe Required	Residentia	l:# bedrooms x 70 ft	/bedroom =	ft minimum	Box 5		
		Non-Resid	ential: Daily design flow (gpd ÷ 2.14 gpd/ft =	Box #1) ÷ 2.14 gpd/ft = ft mi	nimum			
out	Pipe Layout	Bow Length: Bed length (Box 3) – 1(for 6" sand perimeter) =						
Pipe Layout		Number Ro	DWS: ÷ = Pipe Required (Box 5) Row Length (Box 6) # Rows					
	Does the bed width (Box 2) allow Calculate as follows PLW = [(# of spacing (1.5 minimum)] + 1(perir PLW = [X	rows – 1) x neter sand).	row center to center	Box 8	Yes	No		
	If no, adjust bed width (
	If yes, determine if system sand extensions are needed.							
System Sand Extensions	System Sand Extension (SSE)	[SSBW (Box Note: There Sloping bed [SSBW (Box Note: If bed the edge of	SSE are placed on each sid $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{(PLW + 1)(Box 8)]} \div 2^{2}$ will be no SSE's if the SSB s: SSE placed entirely on t $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{(PLW + 1)(Box 8)]} = \frac{1}{2}$ slopes greater than 5%, S the AES pipe). Bed width of requirement	Box 9				
	Using the final calculations fron	n boxes 1 – 9	9 above, complete the bo	xes in the diagrams on	Page 13.			

NOTES:

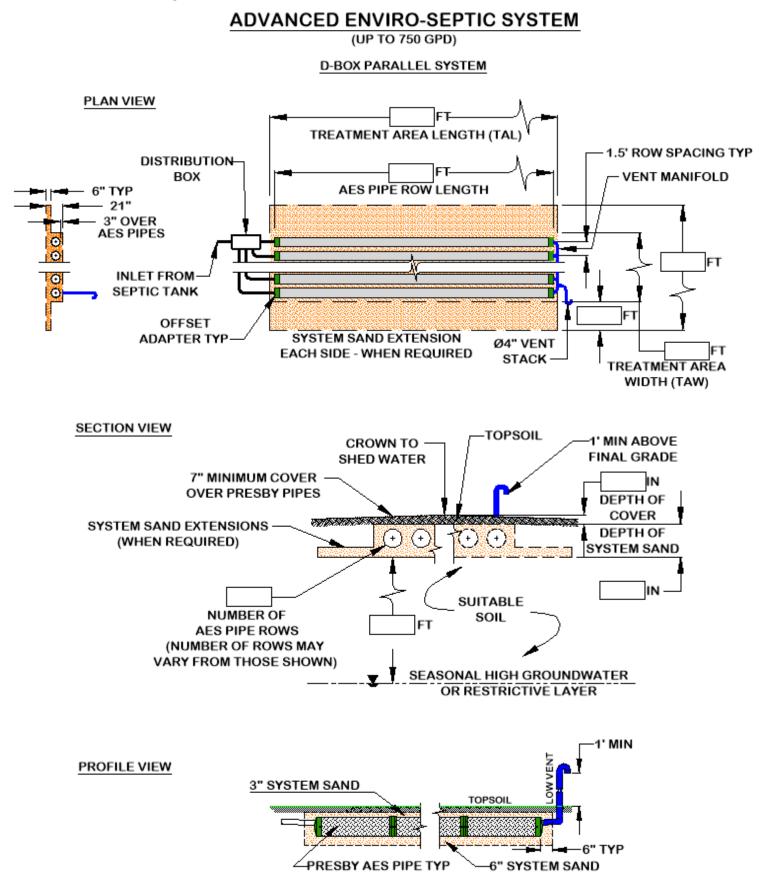
- 1. Basic serial systems do not require a distribution box.
- 2. System sand must meet requirements specified in Wyoming AES Design and Installation Manual.
- 3. A 4" diameter vent pipe must be attached to the end of the last row in the series.
- 4. Effluent filters are not recommended for use with AES systems, as they restrict air flow.
- 5. All PVC joints must be glued or mechanically fastened.
- 6. Consult the Wyoming AES Design and Installation Manual for complete system requirements.



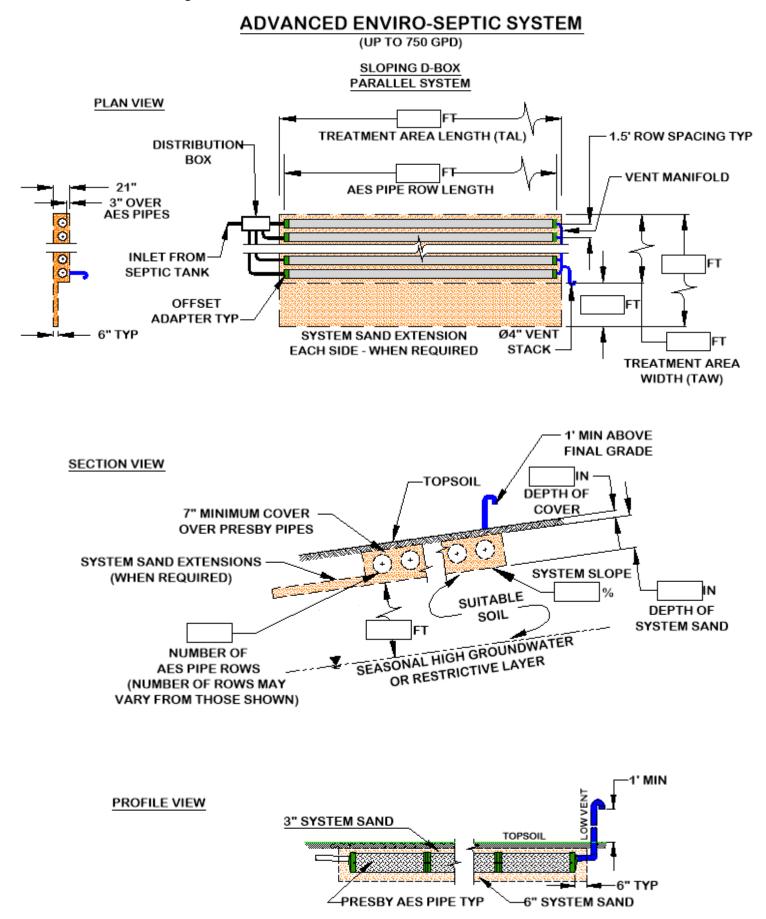
Fill in the boxes on the diagram below.



Fill in the boxes on the diagram below.



Fill in the boxes on the diagram below.



Draw your layout below or attach a separate sheet